

Iyavuthwa eye-fracking oKhahlamba

BONGINKOSI ZONDI

INCAZELO yegama lesayensi elithi 'fracking' lisho uhlobo lwemayini esetshenzwa ngo-kutshutsha ngomfutho (kuhle komuntu echatha umntwana ngo-chatho oluthengwa esitolo) uke-tshezi phakathi kwemifantu ese-madwaleni angaphansi komhlaba ukuze kumuncwe i-gas nowoyela.

Kunodaba olufufusayo lubuye lulithe, lokumbiwa komcebo ka-woyela ne-gas ngale ndlela nakule-li eduze nezintaba zoKhahlamba kwelikaMthaniya naseFree State.

Phambilini ngo-2011 emibikweni yabezindaba, ngesikhathi uku-hlwaya lomcebo ngale ndlela bekuhlongozwa esifundeni iKaroo, eyingxenyne yesifundazwe i-Eastern Cape neNorthern Cape, kwe-zwala ukuthi nalapha kyeza.

Kuzo zonke izimo ezifuze lezi, kuba nokuvungama nemibhisho yokukhononda ekhaleni layo okuvamise ukuba ngabezokongiwa kwemvelo, abanikazi bomhlaba othintekayo nomphakathi ohlwemu.

Ezakamuva-ke zithi asephinde aqina amahlebezi okuthi izinkampani ezinkulu zakwamanye amazwe ezigxile embonini kawoyela ne-gas seziphinde zayivusa indaba yokuba zinkwe ilungelo lokuhlwaya lo mcebo ngale ndlela.

Lokhu kulandela ukuchithwa nguMnu Derek Hanekom ongungqonqoshe wezemvelo, kwemizamo yokuwumisa umsebenzi woku-hlwaya lo mcebo ngale ndlela.

Phakathi kwabebephikisana no-kuqalwa kwalo msebenzi kubalwa



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Lezi zinhlangano: yiWorld Wide Fund for Nature, groundWork, AgriSA, AmaHlubi Traditional Council neBakoena Traditional Council.

Isinqumo sikaMnu Hanekom eseseka uMnyango wezaMandla usikhiphe ngomhla ka-9 kuMandlu (September), nokuyikhona okunenkolelo yokuthi kuzonikeza umfutho le nkampani.

UMTHELELA WOMSEBENZI WALOLU HLOBO

Ukuthikamezeka kwempilo ebi-

khona ngaphambi kokuba kuqalwe umsebenzi wemayini yinto eyenze-ka cishe kuzo zonke izimayini noma ngabe ngazaluphi uhlobo lomcebo ombiwayo.

Nayo-ke i-fracking lena inowayo umthelela oshiya isimo sesiguqu-kile unomphelo. Futhi kuyaziwa ukuthi uma ukuhlaziya kososaye-ni okungashayi eceleni ngomthe-lela womsebenzi sekuveziwe, kuba nezicawu okuye kuthiwe ngezoku-lalela izimvo zomphakathi.

Akuvamisile ukuba imibono evela kulezo zigcawu isihlehlise isinqumo sosozimboni abakhulu abasuke sebefana nehashi elifa-kwe amahhanisi, bengasayingeni eyokuwuyeka lowo mcebo unga-mbiwangwa.

Phakathi kwezinye izinto eziba-lwa ngososayensi ukuthi zingase zilindelwe ngokuqalwa kwalo msebenzi we-fracking ohlongozwayo, yilezi:

- wukuzamazama komhlaba ezi-ngxenjeni ezithintekile;
- wukungcoliseka kwamanzi angaphansi komhlaba nalawo angaphezulu;
- wukuhubuluzwa kwavo wonke amanzi akhona kwazise le mboni idinga amanzi amaningi;
- wukulimala komkhiqizo woku-dla emasimini ngenxa yokuntule-ka kwamanzi;
- wukususwa komphakathi owakhe ezindaweni ezithintekile;
- kanjalo nokungcola komoya nenhabathi kulezo zindawo ezi-thintekile.

Nakuba kubikwa ukuthi izazi zomkhati zizwkaliswa ukungakhatzeki ngomsebenzi we-fracking ohlongozwayo, nokho akukabi nasiqiniseko sokuthi kuzokwenzen-kanzi ezindaweni ezinjengeKaroo, kuyona okukhona nezindishi zoku-popula umkhathi, ezibizwa nge-Square Kilometre Array noseku-chithwa izigidigidi zemali yohulu-men i bamazwe ahlukene ukuze zigxunyekwe eKaroo.

Nalapha KwaZulu-Natal aku-zwakali ukuthi kuthiwani ngezi-ntaba zoKhahlamba esezamenye-zelwa njengeWorld Heritage Site - nokuzenza zibe semqoka embonini yezokuvakasha!

Ububanzi bendawo ezothinteka uma umsebenzi wokuhlwaya usuqalile bulinganiselwa ku-1 mi-

lion wamahektha, sekuhlangene okukhona kuyona amapulazi angu-6060! Kuyaziwa ukuthi ezelimo zinamathuba omsebenzi angunophe-lo kwazise isisu asikweletwa. Kodwa umcebo ombiwayo, njenga-wo lona we-gas nowoyela, ubizwa nge non-renewable resources, okusho ukuthi kuyofika isikhathi soku-ba uphele ngomuso, kanti eyoku-daleka kwamathuba emisebenzi iyona abavamise ukugaba ngayo osozimboni nxa bekankaselwa ukwesekwa ukuba uqhubube umsebenzi walolu hloblo.

Kuye kuthi nxa izimo ezinjena zivila kuqubuke nemibuzo enge-nayo impendulo maqondana nokuthi yini esuke yethenjiswe izipathimandla uma seziphebeza yonke eminye imibono eyehlukile kokufunwa ngosozimboni.

Uma-ke sekufakwa nodaba lo-mhlabu nokuthathwa kwavo nge-phandle kwesinxphezelo, kunzima ngempela ukuthi imbiza yalesi sitshulu iyoke ivuthwe na.



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